### CHEMSERVICE.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

Product identifier	3-Chloropropionitrile Solution	
Other means of identification		
ltem	S-10715A1	
Recommended use	For Laboratory Use Only	
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information	
Manufacturer		
Company name	Chem Service, Inc.	
Address	660 Tower Lane	
	West Chester, PA 19380	
	United States	
Telephone	Toll Free	800-452-9994
	Direct	610-692-3026
Website	www.chemservice.com	
E-mail	info@chemservice.com	
Emergency phone number	Chemtrec US	800-424-9300
	Chemtrec outside US	+1 703-527-3887
2. Hazard(s) identification		

#### Flammable liquids Category 2 Physical hazards **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 3 Acute toxicity, dermal Category 3 Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 4 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A **Environmental hazards** Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Acetonitrile		75-05-8	99 - 100
3-Chloropropionitrile		542-76-7	0.01

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Convulsions. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

### 6. Accidental release measures

containment and cleaning up       precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.         Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like verificiallie, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.         Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.         Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.         7. Handling and storage       Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from flared soung and cherges include but are not limited out and static carpornote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-spraking tools arking out of State, Lightning, and Stroy Query mists. Avoid inhaltion of vapos and spray mists. Avoid inhaltion of vapos and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clohing. Avoid inhalton of vapors and spray mists. Avoid apprave parking tot	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<ul> <li>possible: Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculte, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.</li> <li>Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.</li> <li>Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.</li> <li>Handling and storage</li> <li>Precautions for safe handling</li> <li>Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, purpring at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or spars, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands throughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.</li> <li>For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Code<sup>1</sup>.</li> <li>Store locke</li></ul>	Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles
for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.         Environmental precautions       Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.         Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.       7. Handling and storage         Precautions for safe handling       Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct soumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid prinolege exposure. Do not tastes or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated ochting. Avoid practices of Static. Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".         Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities       Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ginition. Avoid sreav promostatio. Store in a cool,		possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal.
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<ul> <li>material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.</li> <li>For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice Code".</li> <li>Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities</li> <li>Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped w</li></ul>	7. Handling and storage	
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Occupational exposure limits	Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store
	8. Exposure controls/perso	onal protection
US OSHA Table 7.1 Limite for Air Contaminante (20 CED 1010 1000)		

Components	Туре	Value	
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)	PEL	70 mg/m3	
		40 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	6		
Components	Туре	Value	
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)	TWA	20 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)	TWA	34 mg/m3 20 ppm
ological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted	for the ingredient(s).
posure guidelines		
US - California OELs: Skin	designation	
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05- US - Minnesota Haz Subs: \$		n be absorbed through the skin.
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05- US ACGIH Threshold Limit		in designation applies.
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-	8) Ca	n be absorbed through the skin.
propriate engineering ntrols	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye was fountain and emergency showers are recommended.	
lividual protection measures	, such as personal protective equip	oment
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shie	lds (or goggles).
Skin protection Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resista supplier.	nt gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resista	nt clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Dust & vapor respirator.	
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective	e clothing, when necessary.
neral hygiene	When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, an smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.	

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Not available.
Odor	Not available.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-49 °F (-45 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	178.88 °F (81.6 °C) estimated
Flash point	42.0 °F (5.6 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	3 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	16 % estimated
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	118.39 hPa estimated

Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	975.2 °F (524 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.78734 g/cm3 estimated
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
Percent volatile	99.99 % estimated
Specific gravity	0.79 estimated
VOC (Weight %)	99.99 % estimated

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	Toxic in contact with skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Ingestion	Toxic if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Convulsions. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

### Information on toxicological effects

Toxic in contact with skin	Toxic if swallowed	Harmful if inhaled
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Acute toxicity	Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.		
Components	Species	Test Results	
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)			
<u>Acute</u>			
Dermal			
LD50	Rabbit	390 mg/kg	
		0.5 ml/kg	
Inhalation			
LC100	Dog	16000 ppm, 4 Hours	
LC50	Guinea pig	5655 ppm, 4 Hours	
	Mouse	3587 ppm, 4 Hours	
		2693 ppm, 1 Hours	
	Rabbit	2825 ppm, 4 Hours	

Components	Species		Test Results	
	Rat		17100 ppm, 4 Hours	
			7500 ppm, 8 Hours	
			330 ppm, 90 Days	
			75 mg/l	
Oral				
LD50	Guinea p	ig	140 mg/kg	
			0.177 ml/kg	
	Mouse		269 mg/kg	
	Rat		158 mg/kg	
			1.68 - 4.49 ml/kg	
Other				
LD50	Mouse		0.25 g/kg	
	Rat		1100 mg/kg	
			0.85 ml/kg	
* Estimates for product may b	be based on a	dditional component data no	t shown.	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged	skin contact may cause temp	porary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye	Causes ser	ious eye irritation.		
rritation				
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio				
Respiratory sensitization	-	ratory sensitizer.		
Skin sensitization	-	ct is not expected to cause sl		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.			
Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.			
US. OSHA Specifically Reg Not listed.	ulated Substa	ances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1	050)	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.			
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.			
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classifi	ed.		
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.			
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.			
12. Ecological information	n			
Ecotoxicity	The produc		nentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the an have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.	
Components	possionity t	Species	Test Results	
Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)				
Aquatic				
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimep	hales promelas) > 100 mg/l, 96 hours	
* Estimates for product may b	be based on a	dditional component data no	t shown.	
Persistence and degradability		available on the degradability		
Bioaccumulative potential				
Partition coefficient n-octar Acetonitrile	nol / water (lo	<b>-</b> 0.34		
Mobility in soil	No data ava			
Other adverse effects			(e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation	
			arming potential) are expected from this component.	

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.		
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.		
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.		
US RCRA Hazardous Waste P List: Reference			
3-Chloropropionitrile (CAS	S 542-76-7) P027		
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).		
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.		

### 14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1648
UN proper shipping name	Acetonitrile, solution (Acetonitrile RQ = 5001 LBS)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	II
	· Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IB2, T7, TP2
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1648
UN proper shipping name	Acetonitrile solution (Acetonitrile)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo	Allowed.
aircraft	
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1648
UN proper shipping name	ACETONITRILE SOLUTION (Acetonitrile)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
	• Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not established.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	





### 15. Regulatory information

io. Regulatory mornic					
US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.				
TSCA Section 12(b) Exp	oort Notification (	40 CFR 707, Sι	ıbpt. D)		
Not regulated.					
CERCLA Hazardous Su	bstance List (40	CFR 302.4)			
3-Chloropropionitrile	· /		Listed.		
Acetonitrile (CAS 75			Listed.		
SARA 304 Emergency r		n	1000   DC		
3-Chloropropionitrile US. OSHA Specifically		ances (29 CER	1000 LBS		
Not listed.	Regulated Oubsit		1910.1001-1000)		
Superfund Amendments an	d Poputhorizatio	n Act of 1986 (9			
Hazard categories		Hazard - Yes			
nazaru categories	Delayed Ha				
	Fire Hazard				
	Pressure H Reactivity F				
SARA 302 Extremely ha					
•	CAS number	Poportablo	Throshold	Threshold	Throshold
Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
•	CAS number 542-76-7			planning quantity,	planning quantity,
Chemical name	542-76-7	quantity	planning quantity	planning quantity,	planning quantity,
Chemical name 3-Chloropropionitrile SARA 311/312 Hazardo	542-76-7 u <b>s</b> No	quantity	planning quantity	planning quantity,	planning quantity,
Chemical name 3-Chloropropionitrile SARA 311/312 Hazardo chemical	542-76-7 u <b>s</b> No	quantity	planning quantity	planning quantity,	planning quantity,
Chemical name 3-Chloropropionitrile SARA 311/312 Hazardo chemical SARA 313 (TRI reportin	542-76-7 u <b>s</b> No	quantity	planning quantity	planning quantity, lower value	planning quantity,
Chemical name 3-Chloropropionitrile SARA 311/312 Hazardo chemical SARA 313 (TRI reportin Chemical name	542-76-7 u <b>s</b> No	quantity	planning quantity 1000 lbs CAS number	planning quantity, lower value % by wt.	planning quantity,
Chemical name 3-Chloropropionitrile SARA 311/312 Hazardor chemical SARA 313 (TRI reportin <u>Chemical name</u> Acetonitrile	542-76-7 us No g)	quantity 1000	planning quantity 1000 lbs CAS number 75-05-8	planning quantity, lower value % by wt.	planning quantity,
Chemical name 3-Chloropropionitrile SARA 311/312 Hazardo chemical SARA 313 (TRI reportin <u>Chemical name</u> Acetonitrile Other federal regulations	542-76-7 us No g) ction 112 Hazardo	quantity 1000	planning quantity 1000 lbs CAS number 75-05-8	planning quantity, lower value % by wt.	planning quantity,
Chemical name 3-Chloropropionitrile SARA 311/312 Hazardor chemical SARA 313 (TRI reportin <u>Chemical name</u> Acetonitrile Other federal regulations Clean Air Act (CAA) Sec	542-76-7 us No g) ction 112 Hazardo	quantity 1000	planning quantity 1000 lbs CAS number 75-05-8 nts (HAPs) List	planning quantity, lower value % by wt. 99 - 100	planning quantity,
Chemical name 3-Chloropropionitrile SARA 311/312 Hazardor chemical SARA 313 (TRI reportin <u>Chemical name</u> Acetonitrile Other federal regulations Clean Air Act (CAA) Sec Acetonitrile (CAS 75	542-76-7 us No g) ction 112 Hazardo	quantity 1000	planning quantity 1000 lbs CAS number 75-05-8 nts (HAPs) List	planning quantity, lower value % by wt. 99 - 100	planning quantity,
Chemical name 3-Chloropropionitrile SARA 311/312 Hazardor chemical SARA 313 (TRI reportin <u>Chemical name</u> Acetonitrile Other federal regulations Clean Air Act (CAA) Sec Acetonitrile (CAS 75 Clean Air Act (CAA) Sec	542-76-7 us No g) ction 112 Hazardo -05-8) ction 112(r) Accic	quantity 1000 ous Air Pollutar	planning quantity 1000 lbs CAS number 75-05-8 nts (HAPs) List	planning quantity, lower value % by wt. 99 - 100	planning quantity,

#### **US state regulations**

- US New Jersey RTK Substances: Listed substance 3-Chloropropionitrile (CAS 542-76-7) Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)
- US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100) Not listed.
- US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))
  - Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)

## US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

3-Chloropropionitrile (CAS 542-76-7) Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act 3-Chloropropionitrile (CAS 542-76-7)

Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)

#### US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances 3-Chloropropionitrile (CAS 542-76-7) Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)

### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law 3-Chloropropionitrile (CAS 542-76-7)

Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)

#### US. Rhode Island RTK

3-Chloropropionitrile (CAS 542-76-7) Acetonitrile (CAS 75-05-8)

#### US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	09-18-2015
Version #	01
NFPA ratings	Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

The above information is believed to be correct on the date it was last revised and must not be considered all inclusive. The information has been obtained only by a search of available literature and is only a guide for handling the chemicals. OSHA regulations require that if other hazards become evident, an upgraded SDS must be made available to the employee within three months. RESPONSIBILITY for updates lies with the employer and not with CHEM SERVICE, Inc.

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